RUSSIAN LANGUAGE AND CULTURE

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http://www.columbia.edu/cu/slavic/

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The Department of Slavic Languages and Literatures is devoted to the study of the cultures, literatures, and languages of Russia and other Slavic peoples and lands. We approach our study and teaching of these cultures with an eye to their specificity and attention to their interaction with other cultures, in history and in the contemporary global context. We focus not only on the rich literary tradition, but also on the film, theater, politics, arts, music, media, religious thought, critical theory, and intellectual history of Russians and other Slavs. Our approach is interdisciplinary.

Students who take our courses have different interests. Many of our courses are taught in English with readings in English and have no prerequisites. As a consequence, our majors and concentrators are joined by students from other literature departments, by students of history and political science who have a particular interest in the Slavic region, and by others who are drawn to the subject matter for a variety of intellectual and practical reasons.

We provide instruction in Russian at all levels (beginning through very advanced), with a special course for heritage speakers. To improve the proficiency of Russian learners and speakers, we offer a number of literature and culture courses in which texts are read in the original and discussion is conducted in Russian. We offer three levels of other Slavic languages: Bosnian-Croatian-Serbian, Czech, Polish, and Ukrainian (with additional courses in culture in English). All language courses in the Slavic Department develop the four basic language skills (speaking, listening, reading, and writing) and cultural understanding.

Our department prides itself on the intellectual vitality of its program and on the sense of community among students and faculty. As they explore Russian and Slavic languages, literatures, and cultures, students develop not only their specific knowledge and cultural understanding, but also the capacity for critical thought, skills in analyzing literary and other texts, and the ability to express their ideas orally and in writing. Our graduates have used their knowledge and skills in different ways: graduate school, Fulbright and other fellowships, journalism, publishing, law school, NGO work, public health, government work, and politics. Our faculty is proud of its students and graduates.

Majors and Concentrations

Guided by the director of undergraduate studies and other faculty members, students majoring in Slavic create a program that suits their intellectual interests and academic goals. They choose from three tracks: Russian Language and Culture (for those with a strong interest in mastering the language), Russian Literature and Culture (for those who want to focus on literary and cultural studies), and Slavic Studies (a flexible regional studies major for those interested in one or more Slavic cultures). In each major, students may count related courses in other departments among their electives.

In addition to its majors, the department offers five concentrations. Three are analogous to the major tracks (Russian Language and Culture, Russian Literature and Culture, and Slavic Studies). There is also a concentration in Russian Literature that does not require language study and another concentration in Slavic Cultures that allows students to focus on a Slavic language and culture other than Russian.

Motivated seniors are encouraged but not required to write a senior thesis. Those who write a thesis enroll in the Senior Seminar in the fall term and work individually with a thesis adviser. Students have written on a wide range of topics in literature, culture, media, and politics.

Slavic Culture at Columbia Outside of the Classroom

All interested students are welcome to take part in departmental activities, such as conversation hours, Slavic student organizations, the department’s various film series (Russian, East Central European, Central Asian, and Ukrainian), and the country’s first undergraduate journal of Eastern European and Eurasian Culture, The Birch. The Slavic Department has close ties to the Harriman Institute and the East Central European Center, which sponsor lectures, symposia, performances, and conferences.

Study and Research Abroad

The department encourages its students to enrich their cultural knowledge and develop their language skills by spending a semester or summer studying in Russia, the Czech Republic, Poland, Ukraine, or the countries of the former Yugoslavia. The department helps students find the program that suits their needs and interests. Undergraduates may apply to the Harriman Institute for modest scholarships for research during winter/spring breaks or the summer.

Advanced/NEWL Placement

A score of 5 on the AP/NEWL Russian exam satisfies the foreign language requirement. Upon successful completion of a 3-point 3000 level (or higher) course at Columbia, the Department of Slavic Languages will award 3 points of AP credit, provided the grade in the course is a B or better. Courses taught in English may not be used to earn AP credit. No credit or placement is given for the SAT II Subject test. If you wish to continue with Russian at Columbia, you should take the departmental placement test and speak with the Russian program director prior to registration to ensure proper placement.

Professors

Valentina Izmirlieva
Liza Knapp (Chair)
Mark Lipovetsky (Leiderman)
Irina Reyfman

Assistant Professors

Adam Leeds
Jessica Merrill
Ofer Dynes
Term Assistant Professors
Erica Drennan (Barnard)

Senior Lecturers
Alla Smyslova
Christopher Harwood

Lecturers
Aleksandar Boskovic
Christopher Caes
Tatiana Mikhailova
Yuri Shevchuk

On Leave
Valentina Izmirlieva (Fall 2021)
Irina Reyfman (Fall 2021, Spring 2022)

Guidelines for all Slavic Majors and Concentrators

Senior Thesis
A senior thesis is not required for any Slavic major. Students who wish to undertake a thesis project should confer with the director of undergraduate studies during the registration period in April of their junior year and register to take RUSS UN3595 Senior Seminar in the fall term of their senior year. Students can opt to expand the thesis into a two-semester project register for RUSS UN3998 Supervised Individual Research, with their thesis adviser, in the spring term of their senior year. Senior Seminar may satisfy one elective requirement; the optional second semester of thesis work adds one course to the 15 required for the major.

Grading
Courses in which a grade of D has been received do not count toward major or concentration requirements.

Major in Russian Language and Culture
This major is intended for students who aim to attain maximal proficiency in the Russian language. Intensive language training is complemented by an array of elective courses in Russian culture that allow students to achieve critical understanding of contemporary Russian society and of Russian-speaking communities around the world. Since this major emphasizes language acquisition, it is not appropriate for native Russian speakers.

The program of study consists of 15 courses, distributed as follows:

Eight semesters of coursework in Russian language (from first- through fourth-year Russian) or the equivalent
Select two of the following surveys; at least one of these should be a Russian literature survey (RUSS UN3220 or RUSS UN3221):

- RUSS UN3220 Literature and Empire: The Reign of the Novel in Russia (19th Century) [In English]
- RUSS UN3221 LIT # REVOLUTION (20TH C LIT)

- SLCL UN3001 Slavic Cultures
- RUSS GU4006 Russian Religious Thought, Praxis, and Literature
- CLRS GU4022 Russia and Asia: Orientalism, Eurasianism, Internationalism
- RUSS GU4107 RUSS LIT/CULTR-NEW MILLENNIUM

Five additional courses in Russian culture, history, literature, art, film, music, or in linguistics, chosen in consultation with the director of undergraduate studies. At least one of the selected courses should be taught in Russian

Students considering graduate study in Russian literature are strongly advised to complete four years of language training.

Major in Russian Literature and Culture
The goal of this major is to make students conversant with a variety of Russian literary, historical and theoretical texts in the original, and to facilitate a critical understanding of Russian literature, culture, and society. It is addressed to students who would like to complement serious literary studies with intensive language training, and is especially suitable for those who intend to pursue an academic career in the Slavic field.

The program of study consists of 15 courses, distributed as follows:

Six semesters of coursework in Russian language (from first- through third-year Russian) or the equivalent.
Select three of the following surveys; two of which must be in Russian literature (RUSS UN3220 and RUSS UN3221)

- RUSS UN3220 Literature and Empire: The Reign of the Novel in Russia (19th Century) [In English]
- RUSS UN3221 LIT # REVOLUTION (20TH C LIT)
- RUSS UN3223 Magical Mystery Tour: The Legacy of Old Rus’
- SLCL UN3001 Slavic Cultures
- RUSS GU4006 Russian Religious Thought, Praxis, and Literature
- CLRS GU4022 Russia and Asia: Orientalism, Eurasianism, Internationalism
- RUSS GU4107 RUSS LIT/CULTR-NEW MILLENNIUM

Six additional courses in Russian literature, culture, history, film, art, music, or in advanced Russian language, chosen in consultation with the director of undergraduate studies. At least one course should be taught in Russian

Students considering graduate study in Russian literature are strongly advised to complete four years of language training.

Major in Slavic Studies
This flexible major provides opportunities for interdisciplinary studies within the Slavic field. Students are encouraged to choose one target language (Bosnian-Croatian-Serbian, Czech, Polish, Russian, or Ukrainian), though there are possibilities for studying a second Slavic language as well. Generally, the major has one disciplinary focus in history, political science, economics, religion, anthropology, sociology, art, film, or music. In addition, this program allows students to focus on a particular Slavic (non-Russian) literature and culture or to do comparative studies of several Slavic literatures, including Russian. Students should
plan their program with the director of undergraduate studies as early as possible, since course availability varies from year to year.

The program of study consists of 15 courses, distributed as follows:

Six semesters of coursework in one Slavic language (from first- through third-year Russian, Bosnian-Croatian-Serbian, Czech, Polish, or Ukrainian) or the equivalent.

Two relevant courses in Russian, East/Central European or Eurasian history.

Two relevant literature or culture courses in Slavic, preferably related to the target language.

Five additional courses with Slavic content in history, political science, economics, literature, religion, anthropology, sociology, art, film, or music, chosen in consultation with the director of undergraduate studies. Two of these electives may be language courses for students who opt to include a second Slavic language in their program.

Altogether students should complete four courses in a single discipline, including, if appropriate, the required history or literature/culture courses.

Concentration in Slavic Language and Culture

This program is intended for students who aim to attain proficiency in the Russian language. Intensive language training is complemented by an array of elective courses in Russian culture that allow students to achieve critical understanding of contemporary Russian society and of Russian-speaking communities around the world. Since this concentration emphasizes language acquisition, it is not appropriate for native Russian speakers.

The program of study consists of 10 courses, distributed as follows:

Six semesters of coursework in Russian language (from first- through third-year Russian) or the equivalent.

Select one of the following surveys:

SLCL UN3001 Slavic Cultures
RUSS UN3220 Literature and Empire: The Reign of the Novel in Russia (19th Century) [In English]
RUSS UN3221 LIT # REVOLUTION (20TH C LIT)
RUSS UN3223 Magical Mystery Tour: The Legacy of Old Rus’
CLRS GU4022 Russia and Asia: Orientalism, Eurasianism, Internationalism

Three additional courses in Russian culture, history, literature, art, film, music, or in linguistics, chosen in consultation with the director of undergraduate studies; at least one of the selected courses should be taught in Russian.

RUSS GU4107 RUSS LIT/CULTR-NEW MILLENIUM

Concentration in Slavic (Non-Russian) Language and Culture

This program is intended for students who aim to attain proficiency in a Slavic language other than Russian. Intensive language training is complemented by an array of elective courses in Slavic cultures that allow students to achieve critical understanding of the communities that are shaped by the Slavic language of their choice. Since this concentration emphasizes language acquisition, it is not appropriate for native speakers of the target language.

The program of study consists of 10 courses, distributed as follows:

Six semesters of coursework in one Slavic language (from first- through third-year Bosnian-Croatian-Serbian, Czech, Polish, Russian, or Ukrainian) or the equivalent.

Four additional courses in Slavic literature, culture or history, or in linguistics, chosen in consultation with the director of undergraduate studies; at least two should be directly related to the target language of study.

Concentration in Russian Literature and Culture

The goal of this concentration is to make students conversant with a variety of Russian literary texts and cultural artifacts that facilitate a critical understanding of Russian culture. It is addressed to students who would like to combine language training with study of the Russian literary tradition.

The program of study consists of 10 courses, distributed as follows:

Four semesters of coursework in Russian language (first- and second-year Russian) or the equivalent.

Select two of the following surveys; one of which must be a literature survey (RUSS UN3220 or RUSS UN3221)

RUSS UN3220 Literature and Empire: The Reign of the Novel in Russia (19th Century) [In English]
RUSS UN3221 LIT # REVOLUTION (20TH C LIT)
RUSS UN3223 Magical Mystery Tour: The Legacy of Old Rus’
RUSS GU4006 Russian Religious Thought, Praxis, and Literature
SLCL UN3001 Slavic Cultures
CLRS GU4022 Russia and Asia: Orientalism, Eurasianism, Internationalism
RUSS GU4107 RUSS LIT/CULTR-NEW MILLENIUM

Four additional courses in Russian literature, culture, and history, chosen in consultation with the director of undergraduate studies.

Concentration in Slavic Studies

This flexible concentration provides opportunities for interdisciplinary studies within the Slavic field. Students are encouraged to choose one target language (Bosnian-Croatian-Serbian, Czech, Polish, Russian, or Ukrainian), and one disciplinary focus in history, political science, economics, religion, anthropology, sociology, art, film, or music. In addition, this program allows students to focus on a particular Slavic (non-Russian) literature and culture, or to do comparative studies of several Slavic literatures, including Russian.

The program of study consists of 10 courses, distributed as follows:

Four semesters of coursework in one Slavic language (first- and second-year Bosnian-Croatian-Serbian, Czech, Polish, Russian, or Ukrainian) or the equivalent.

One relevant courses in Russian, East/Central European or Eurasian history.
Concentration in Russian Literature
This concentration is addressed to serious literature students who would like to pursue Russian literature but have no training in Russian. It allows students to explore the Russian literary tradition, while perfecting their critical skills and their techniques of close reading in a variety of challenging courses in translation.

The program of study consists of 8 courses, with no language requirements, distributed as follows:

Select two of the following Russian literature surveys (in translation):

- **RUSS UN3220** Literature and Empire: The Reign of the Novel in Russia (19th Century) [In English]
- **RUSS UN3221** LIT # REVOLUTION (20TH C LIT)

Six additional courses, focused primarily on Russian literature, culture, and history, though courses in other Slavic literatures are also acceptable if approved by the director of undergraduate studies.

Relevant literature courses from other departments may count toward the concentration only if approved by the director of undergraduate studies.

Bosnian/Croatian/Serbian Language and Literature

**BCRS UN1101 Elementary Bosnian/Croatian/Serbian I. 4 points.**
Essentials of the spoken and written language. Prepares students to read texts of moderate difficulty by the end of the first year.

**BCRS UN1102 Elementary Bosnian/Croatian/Serbian II. 4 points.**
Essentials of the spoken and written language. Prepares students to read texts of moderate difficulty by the end of the first year.
Comparative Literature - Czech
CLCZ GU4020 Czech Culture Before Czechoslovakia. 3 points.
Not offered during 2021-22 academic year.

Prerequisites: sophomore standing or the instructor’s permission.
An interpretive cultural history of the Czechs from earliest times to the
founding of the first Czechoslovak republic in 1918. Emphasis on the
origins, decline, and resurgence of Czech national identity as reflected
in the visual arts, architecture, music, historiography, and especially the
literature of the Czechs.

CLCZ GU4030 Postwar Czech Literature [in English]. 3 points.
A survey of postwar Czech fiction and drama. Knowledge of Czech
not necessary. Parallel reading lists available in translation and in the
original.

CLCZ GU4035 THE WRITERS OF PRAGUE. 3.00 points.
After providing an overview of the history of Prague and the Czech lands
from earliest times, the course will focus on works by Prague writers from
the years 1895-1938, when the city was a truly multicultural urban center.
Special attention will be given to each of the groups that contributed to
Prague's cultural diversity in this period: the Austro-German minority,
which held disproportionate social, political and economic influence
until 1918; the Czech majority, which made Prague the capital of the
democratic First Czechoslovak Republic (1918-1938); the German- and
Czech-speaking Jewish communities, which were almost entirely wiped
out between 1938 and 1945; and the Russian and Ukrainian émigré
community, which—thanks in large part to support from the Czechoslovak
government—maintained a robust, independent cultural presence through
the 1920s and early 1930s. Through close reading and analysis of works
of poetry, drama, prose fiction, reportage, literary correspondence and
essays, the course will trace common themes that preoccupied more
than one Prague writer of this period. In compiling and comparing
different versions of cultural myth, it will consider the applicability of
various possible definitions of the literary genius loci of Prague.

CLCZ GU4038 Prague Spring of '68 in Film and Literature [In English]. 3 points.
The course explores the unique period in Czech film and literature during
the 1960s that emerged as a reaction to the imposed socialist realism.
The new generation of writers (Kundera, Skvorecky, Havel, Hrabal) in turn
had an influence on young emerging film makers, all of whom were part
of the Czech new wave.

Comparative Literature - Polish
CLPL GU4042 Bestsellers of Polish Literature. 3 points.
Not offered during 2021-22 academic year.

A study of the 20th-century Polish novel during its most invigorated,
innovative inter-war period. A close study of the major works of
Kuncewiczowa, Choromanski, Wittlin, Uniwolski, Kurek, Iwaszkiewicz,
Gombrowicz, and Schulz. The development of the Polish novel will be
examined against the background of new trends in European literature,
with emphasis on the usage of various narrative devices. Reading
knowledge of Polish desirable but not required. Parallel reading lists are
available in the original and in translation.

CLPL GU4040 Mickiewicz. 3 points.
Not offered during 2021-22 academic year.

The Polish literary scene that in this particular period stretched from
Moscow, Petersburg, and Odessa, to Vilna, Paris, Rome. The concept
of exile, so central to Polish literature of the 19th-century and world
literature of the 20th will be introduced and discussed. The course will
offer the opportunity to see the new Romantic trend initially evolving
from classicism, which it vigorously opposed and conquered. We will
examine how the particular literary form - sonnet, ballad, epic poem
and the romantic drama developed on the turf of the Polish language.
Also we will see how such significant themes as madness, Romantic
suicide, Romantic irony, and elements of Islam and Judaism manifested
themselves in the masterpieces of Polish poetry. The perception of Polish
Romanticism in other, especially Slavic, literatures will be discussed and
a comparative approach encouraged. Most of the texts to be discussed
were translated into the major European languages. Mickiewicz was
enthusiastically translated into Russian by the major Russian poets
of all times; students of Russian may read his works in its entirety
in that language. The class will engage in a thorough analysis of the
indicated texts; the students' contribution to the course based on general
knowledge of the period, of genres, and/or other related phenomena is
expected.

CLPL GU4300 The Polish Novel After 1989. 3 points.
Not offered during 2021-22 academic year.

This seminar is designed to offer an overview of Post-1989 Polish prose.
The literary output of what is now called post-dependent literature
demonstrates how political transformations influenced social and
intellectual movements and transformed the narrative genre itself. The
aesthetic and formal developments in Polish prose will be explored as a
manifestation of a complex phenomenon bringing the reassessment of
national myths, and cultural aspirations. Works by Dorota Maslowska,
Andrzej Stasiuk, Pawel Huelle, Olga Tokarczuk, Magdalena Tulli and
others will be read and discussed. Knowledge of Polish not required.

CLPL GU4301 Survey of Polish Literature and Culture. 3 points.
This course introduces and explores key works, traditions, and tendencies
in Polish literature and culture from the Middle Ages to the present.
Focusing in particular on the monuments of Polish literature, the course
embeds them in historical context and places them in dialog with
important ideas and trends in both Polish and European culture of
their time. The aim is to engender and establish an understanding of
Poland's position on the literary and cultural map of Europe. In addition
to literature, works of history, political science, film, and the performing
arts will be drawn on for course lecture and discussion. No prerequisites.
Readings in English.
Comparative Literature - Slavic

CLSL UN3304 How To Read Violence: The Literature of Power, Force and Brutality from 20th Century Russia and America. 3 points.

This course seeks to understand how authors and filmmakers in the 20th century communicate the experience of violence to their audiences. We will discuss how fragmentation, montage, language breakdown and other techniques not only depict violence, but reflect that violence in artistic forms. We will also ask what representing violence does to the artistic work. Can the attempt to convey violence become an act of violence in itself? We will consider texts from Vladimir Mayakovsky, John Dos Passos, Andrei Platonov, Vasily Grossman, Allen Ginsberg, Anna Akhmatova, Richard Wright, Cormac McCarthy, Vladimir Sorokin, as well as films from Sergei Eisenstein, Alexei Balabanov and Quentin Tarantino. Full course description and syllabus available at readingviolence.weebly.com.

CLSL GU4003 Central European Drama in the Twentieth Century. 3 points.

Focus will be on the often deceptive modernity of modern Central and East European theater and its reflection of the forces that shaped modern European society. It will be argued that the abstract, experimental drama of the twentieth-century avant-garde tradition seems less vital at the century's end than the mixed forms of Central and East European dramatists.

CLSL GU4004 Introduction to Twentieth-Century Central European Fiction. 3 points.

This course introduces students to works of literature that offer a unique perspective on the tempestuous twentieth century, if only because these works for the most part were written in "minor" languages (Czech, Polish, Hungarian, Serbian), in countries long considered part of the European backwaters, whose people were not makers but victims of history. Yet the authors of many of these works are today ranked among the masters of modern literature. Often hailing from highly stratified, conservative societies, many Eastern and Central European writers became daring literary innovators and experimenters. To the present day, writers from this "other" Europe try to escape history, official cultures, politics, and end up redefining them for their readers. We will be dealing with a disparate body of literature, varied both in form and content. But we will try to pinpoint subtle similarities, in tone and sensibility, and focus, too, on the more apparent preoccupation with certain themes that may be called characteristically Central European.

CLSL GU4008 Slavic Avant-Garde Surfaces. 3 points.

Not offered during 2021-22 academic year.

This lecture course will provide a punctual survey of the major trends and figures in the interwar visual culture and avant-garde poetry of the Soviet Russia and East Central Europe (Poland, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, and Yugoslavia), including the opulent field of their intersection. Topics include various interfaces of visual culture and graphic arts, such as public spaces, walls, propaganda trains, windows, postcards, posters, books, and screens. The course will address the innovative use of typography and photography, typho photographic and photomontage, as well as the short written and hybrid genres such as manifesto, cinepoetry, photo essay, and photo frescoes. We will discuss poets and artists such as Mayakovksy, Lissitsky, Rodchenko, Klutsis, Vertov, Teige, Nezval, Sunar, Štirský, Szczuka, Stern, Themersons, Kassák, Kertész, Moholy-Nagy, Goll, MiciĂ‡, VuĂĄ, MatiĂ‡. Each session will include a lecture followed by discussion.

CLSL GU4075 Soviet and Post-Soviet, Colonial and Post Colonial Film. 3 points.

The course will discuss how filmmaking has been used as an instrument of power and imperial domination in the Soviet Union as well as on post-Soviet space since 1991. A body of selected films by Soviet and post-Soviet directors which exemplify the function of filmmaking as a tool of appropriation of the colonized, their cultural and political subordination by the Soviet center will be examined in terms of postcolonial theories. The course will focus both on Russian cinema and often overlooked work of Ukrainian, Georgian, Belarusian, Armenian, etc. national film schools and how they participated in the communist project of fostering a «new historic community of the Soviet people» as well as resisted it by generating, in hidden and, since 1991, overt and increasingly assertive ways their own counter-narratives. Close attention will be paid to the new Russian film as it re-invents itself within the post-Soviet imperial momentum projected on the former Soviet colonies.

CLSS GU4101 Balkan as a Metaphor. 3 points.

This seminar for graduate and advanced undergraduate students has two main objectives. First, it is to critically assess competing and conflicting conceptions of the Balkans, Balkanism, and Balkanization. Second, it engages with border studies, a vast and thriving field that makes sense of widely different and constantly changing definitions of the border. The course's case studies focus on the region of the former Yugoslavia across the disciplines currently recognized as the humanities and social sciences. We will examine what those disciplinary borders do to the different types of borders we have chosen to analyze. We will discuss the concepts of copy and imitation in relation to Balkan arts and politics in the contemporary globalized world. We will explore documentary film and performance art representations of how refugees, migrant minorities, and borderline populations counter marginalizations and trauma.

CLSL GU4995 Central European Jewish Literature: Assimilation and Its Discontents. 3 points.

Examines prose and poetry by writers generally less accessible to the American student written in the major Central European languages: German, Hungarian, Czech, and Polish. The problems of assimilation, the search for identity, political commitment and disillusionment are major themes, along with the defining experience of the century: the Holocaust; but because these writers are often more removed from their Jewishness, their perspective on these events and issues may be different. The influence of Franz Kafka on Central European writers, the post-Communist Jewish revival, defining the Jewish voice in an otherwise disparate body of works.
**Comparative Literature - Russian**

CLRS UN3309 Fact and Fiction: The Document in Russian and American Literature. 3 points.

"Truth is stranger than fiction," wrote Mark Twain in 1897. It is an axiom more relevant today than ever before, as more and more writers draw on "true events" for their literary works. Svetlana Alexievich, 2015 winner of the Nobel Prize for Literature, goes so far as to insist that "there are no borders between fact and fabrication, one flows into the other" in contemporary literature. In this course we read works from Russian and American literature that dance along this line between fact and fiction. Sometimes called "creative non-fiction," "literary journalism," or "documentary prose," these works (Sergei Tretiakov, Viktor Shklovsky, Truman Capote, Tom Wolfe, John McPhee, Artem Borovik, and others) blur the boundaries between documentary evidence and literary art. No prerequisites.

CLRS GU4011 Dostoevsky, Tolstoy, and the English Novel [in English]. 3 points.

A close reading of works by Dostoevsky (Netochka Nezvanova; The Idiot; "A Gentle Creature") and Tolstoy (Childhood, Boyhood, Youth; "Family Happiness"; Anna Karenina; "The Kreutzer Sonata") in conjunction with related English novels (Bronte's Jane Eyre, Eliot's Middlemarch, Woolf's Mrs. Dalloway). No knowledge of Russian is required.

CLRS GU4017 Chekhov [English]. 3 points.

A close reading of Chekhov's best work in the genres on which he left an indelible imprint (the short story and the drama) on the subjects that left an indelible imprint on him (medical science, the human body, identity, topography, the nature of news, the problem of knowledge, the access to pain, the necessity of dying, the structure of time, the self and the world, the part and the whole) via the modes of inquiry (diagnosis and deposition, expedition and exegesis, library and laboratory, microscopy and materialism, intimacy and invasion) and forms of documentation (the itinerary, the map, the calendar, the photograph, the icon, the Gospel, the Koan, the lie, the love letter, the case history, the obituary, the pseudonym, the script) that marked his era (and ours). No knowledge of Russian required.

CLRS GU4022 Russia and Asia: Orientalism, Eurasianism, Internationalism. 3 points.

CC/GS/SEAS: Partial Fulfillment of Global Core Requirement

This course explores the formation of Russian national and imperial identity through ideologies of geography, focusing on a series of historical engagements with the concept of "Asia." How has the Mongol conquest shaped a sense of Russian identity as something distinct from Europe? How has Russian culture participated in Orientalist portrayals of conquered Asian lands, while simultaneously being Orientalized by Europe and, indeed, Orientalizing itself? How do concepts of Eurasianism and socialist internationalism, both arising in the early 20th century, seek to redraw the geography of Russia's relations with East and West? We will explore these questions through a range of materials, including: literary texts by Russian and non-Russian writers (Pushkin, Lermontov, Tolstoy, Solovyov, Bely, Blok, Pilnyak, Khlebnikov, Planotov, Xiao Hong, Kurban Said, Iskander, Bordsky); films (Eisenstein, Tarkovsky, Kalatozov, Paradjanov, Mikhailov); music and dance (the Ballets Russes); visual art (Vereshchagin, Roerich); and theoretical and secondary readings by Chaadaev, Said, Bassin, Trubetskoy, Leontiev, Lenin, and others.

CLRS GU4036 Nabokov and Global Culture. 3 points.

In 1955, an American writer of Russian descent published in Paris a thin book that forever shaped English language, American culture, and the international literary scene. That book, of course, was Vladimir Nabokov's Lolita.

We will speak of exile, memory and nostalgia, of hybrid cultural identities and cosmopolitan elites, of language, translation and multilingualism. All readings will be in English.

CLRS GU4037 Poets, Rebels, Exiles: 100 Years of Russians and Russian Jews in America. 3.00 points.

Poets, Rebels, Exiles examines the successive generations of the most provocative and influential Russian and Russian Jewish writers and artists who brought the cataclysm of the Soviet and post-Soviet century to North America. From Joseph Brodsky—the bad boy bard of Soviet Russia and a protégé of Anna Akhmatova, who served 18 months of hard labor near the North Pole for social parasitism before being exiled—to the most recent artistic descendants, this course will interrogate diaspora, memory, and nostalgia in the cultural production of immigrants and exiles in addition to David Copperfield (1850), sketches and later essays.
In the 1920s, the Soviet Union and the U.S. emerged as growing world powers, offering each other two compelling, if often opposed, versions of modernity. At the same time, each country saw its intercontinental rival as an attractive, but dangerous "other": a counterexample of the road not taken, and a foil for its own ideology and identity. From the 1920s to the heat of the Cold War, some of the USSR’s most prominent public figures came to the U.S. and several American intellectuals, progressive activists, and officials traveled to the Soviet experiment. This course examines the cultural images of the American and Soviet "other" in the texts that resulted from these exchanges. We will read works about America from Sergei Esenin, Vladimir Mayakovsky, Ilya Ilf and Evgeny Petrov, and poems, essays, and novels about Russia by Langston Hughes, Claude McKay, Louise Bryant, W.E.B. Du Bois, John Steinbeck, and others. Each of these texts attempts to grapple with what it means to be modern — both technologically advanced and socially liberated — in different national contexts and under different proclaimed ideologies.

### Czech Language and Literature

**CZCH 1101 Elementary Czech I. 4 points.**
Essentials of the spoken and written language. Prepare students to read texts of moderate difficulty by the end of the first year.

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<td>CZCH 1101</td>
<td>T Th F 2:40pm - 3:55pm</td>
<td>Christopher Harwood</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2/12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>406 Hamilton Hall</td>
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</table>

**CZCH 1102 Elementary Czech II. 4 points.**
Essentials of the spoken and written language. Prepare students to read texts of moderate difficulty by the end of the first year.

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<th>Times/Location</th>
<th>Instructor</th>
<th>Points</th>
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**CZCH 2101 Intermediate Czech I. 4 points.**
Prerequisites: CZCH 1102 or the equivalent
Rapid review of grammar. Readings in contemporary fiction and nonfiction, depending upon the interests of individual students.

<table>
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<th>Course Number</th>
<th>Times/Location</th>
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**CZCH 2102 Intermediate Czech II. 4 points.**
Prerequisites: CZCH 1102 or the equivalent
Rapid review of grammar. Readings in contemporary fiction and nonfiction, depending upon the interests of individual students.

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### Polish Language and Literature

**POLI 1101 Elementary Polish I. 4 points.**
Essentials of the spoken and written language. Prepares students to read texts of moderate difficulty by the end of the first year.

<table>
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<th>Course Number</th>
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**POLI 1102 Elementary Polish II. 4 points.**
Essentials of the spoken and written language. Prepares students to read texts of moderate difficulty by the end of the first year.

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**POLI 2101 Intermediate Polish I. 4 points.**
Prerequisites: POLI 1102 or the equivalent
Rapid review of grammar; readings in contemporary nonfiction or fiction, depending upon the interests of individual students.

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<th>Times/Location</th>
<th>Instructor</th>
<th>Points</th>
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**POLI UN2102 Intermediate Polish II. 4 points.**

Prerequisites: POLI UN1102 or the equivalent. Rapid review of grammar; readings in contemporary nonfiction or fiction, depending on the interests of individual students.

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**POLI GU4051 Movements in Polish Cinema. 3 points.**

This course introduces and explores three separate movements in Polish post-World War II cinema – the “Polish School” of 1955–1965, the “Cinema of Moral Concern” of 1976–1981, and the “New Naïveté,” of 1999–2009. Each of these currents adopted a loosely conceived, historically specific aesthetic and ideological platform, which they sought to put into practice artistically in order to exert a therapeutic and a didactic influence on the culture and society of their time.

- The “Polish School,” which was characterized by a blend of Italian neorealist and Polish Romantic or absurdist/existentialist styles, sought to represent and work through the national trauma of World War II in a context in which political censorship prevented the direct address of such issues. It includes the early work of world-renowned director Andrzej Wajda, as well as works by prominent filmmakers such as Andrzej Munk, Jerzy Kawalerowicz, and Wojciech Has.

- The “Cinema of Moral Concern,” which drew on and combined the techniques of West European “cinemas of truth” with those of the New Hollywood, was in the forefront of the cultural ferment of the late 70s, which was devoted to the establishment of an underground civil society outside the institutions of the communist state and led up to the founding of the trade union Solidarity. It includes early work by internationally recognized filmmakers Krzysztof Kieslowski, Krzysztof Zanussi, and Agnieszka Holland.

- The “New Naïveté” drew on a broad variety of Hollywood and international styles, seeking to transform the legacy of Solidarity’s anti-communist “revolution of the spirit” into contemporary forms of cultural capital in order to lay the foundations for “capitalism with a human face.” Among filmmakers active in this movement are Krzysztof Krauze, Robert Gliński, and Piotr Trzaskalski.

Screening approximately one film a week, we will view at least five works from each movement, examining and discussing their individual formal and aesthetic principles and ideological investments, their relation to their respective movement as a whole, and their impact on the culture of their day.

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**POLI GU4101 Advanced Polish I. 4 points.**

Prerequisites: two years of college Polish or the instructor’s permission. Extensive readings from 19th- and 20th-century texts in the original. Both fiction and nonfiction, with emphasis depending on the interests and needs of individual students.

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**POLI GU4102 Advanced Polish II. 4 points.**

Prerequisites: two years of college Polish or the instructor’s permission. Extensive readings from 19th- and 20th-century texts in the original. Both fiction and nonfiction, with emphasis depending on the interests and needs of individual students.

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**Romanian Language and Literature**

**RMAN GU4002 Romanian Culture, Identity and Complexes. 3 points.**

This course addresses the main problems that contribute to the making of Romanian identity, as fragmented or as controversial as it may seem to those who study it. The aim is to become familiar with the deepest patterns of Romanian identity, as we encounter it today, either in history, political studies, fieldwork in sociology or, simply, when we interact with Romanians. By using readings and presentations produced by Romanian specialists, we aim to be able to see the culture with an "insider’s eye", as much as we can. This perspective will enable us to develop mechanisms of understanding the Romanian culture and mentality independently, at a more profound level and to reason upon them.

**RMAN GU4003 Byzantine and Post-Byzantine Elements of Romanian Culture. 3 points.**

Prerequisites: Reading knowledge of Romanian and French ...The Byzantine as “post-Romantic”, as “eclectic”, “Oriental”, in its version of localized, picturesque, intra-European Orientalism appears less explored and probably less considered of importance when trying to understand the intricacies of a culture and, by expanding it, of culture in general. Our explorations of Byzantine/Byzantinism will help us develop a subtler understanding of the mechanisms of the cultural equation West/Orient and of the cultural hierarchies....
### Russian Language

**RUSS UN1101 First-year Russian I. 5 points.**
Grammar, reading, composition, and conversation.

<table>
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<th>Section/Call Number</th>
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**RUSS UN1102 First-year Russian II. 5 points.**
Grammar, reading, composition, and conversation.

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**RUSS UN2101 Second-year Russian I. 5.00 points.**
Prerequisites: RUSS UN1102 or the equivalent.
Prerequisites: RUSS UN1102 or the equivalent. Drill practice in small groups. Reading, composition, and grammar review. Off-sequence

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<th>Times/Location</th>
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**RUSS UN2102 Second-year Russian II. 5 points.**
Prerequisites: RUSS UN2101 or the equivalent.
Drill practice in small groups. Reading, composition, and grammar review.

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**RUSS UN3101 Third-year Russian I. 4 points.**
Limited enrollment.

Prerequisites: RUSS UN2102 or the equivalent, and the instructor's permission.
Recommended for students who wish to improve their active command of Russian. Emphasis on conversation and composition. Reading and discussion of selected texts and videotapes. Lectures. Papers and oral reports required. Conducted entirely in Russian.

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**RUSS UN3102 Third-Year Russian II. 4 points.**
Prerequisites: RUSS UN2102 or the equivalent and the instructor's permission.
Enrollment limited. Recommended for students who wish to improve their active command of Russian. Emphasis on conversation and composition. Reading and discussion of selected texts and videotapes. Lectures. Papers and oral reports required. Conducted entirely in Russian.

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<tr>
<th>Fall 2021: RUSS UN3102</th>
<th>Course Number</th>
<th>Section/Call Number</th>
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<td>Oksana Willis</td>
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</table>
RUSS UN3105 Real World Russian. 3 points.
Prerequisites: (RUSS UN2102) (department placement test)
This content-based course has three focal points: 1) communicative skills 1) idiomatic language; 3) cross-cultural awareness.

The course is designed to help students further develop all of their language skills with particular focus on communicative and information processing skills, as well as natural student collaboration in the target language. The materials and assignments that will be used in class allow to explore a broad range of social, cultural, and behavioral contexts and familiarize students with idiomatic language, popular phrases and internet memes, developments of the colloquial language, and the use of slang in everyday life.

On each class students will be offered a variety of content-based activities and assignments, including, information gap filling, role-play and creative skits, internet search, making presentations, and problem-solving discussions. Listening comprehension assignments will help students expand their active and passive vocabulary and develop confidence using natural syntactic models and idiomatic structures.

Students will be exposed to cultural texts of different registers, which will help them enhance their stylistic competence. Students will learn appropriate ways to handle linguo-social situations, routines, and challenges similar to those they come across when traveling to Russia. They will explore various speech acts of daily communication, such as agreement/disagreement, getting and giving help, asking for a favor, expressing emotions, and so forth. Part of class time will be devoted to nonverbal communication, the language of gestures, emotional phonetics and intonation.

RUSS UN3430 Russian for Heritage Speakers I. 3 points.
Prerequisites: RUSS V3430 or the instructor's permission.
This course is designed to help students who speak Russian at home, but have no or limited reading and writing skills to develop literary skills in Russian. THIS COURSE, TAKEN WITH RUSS V3431, MEET A TWO YEAR FOREIGN LANGUAGE REQUIREMENT. Conducted in Russian.

RUSS UN3431 Russian for Heritage Speakers I and II. 3 points.
Review of Russian grammar and development of reading and writing skills for students with a knowledge of spoken Russian.

RUSS UN4342 Fourth-year Russian I. 4 points.
Prerequisites: RUSS UN3101 and RUSS UN3102 Third-Year Russian I and II, or placement test.
Systematic study of problems in Russian syntax; written exercises, translations into Russian, and compositions. Conducted entirely in Russian.

RUSS GU4343 FOURTH-YEAR RUSSIAN II. 4 points.
FOURTH-YEAR RUSSIAN II

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<td>M W F 10:10am - 11:25am</td>
<td>Tatiana</td>
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<td>9/15</td>
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RUSS GU4350 Moving to Advanced-Plus: Language, Culture, Society in Russian Today. 3 points.
Prerequisites: Six semesters of college Russian and the instructor’s permission.
The course is designed to provide advanced and highly-motivated undergraduate and graduate students of various majors with an opportunity to develop professional vocabulary and discourse devices that will help them to discuss their professional fields in Russian with fluency and accuracy. The course targets all four language competencies: speaking, listening, reading and writing, as well as cultural understanding. Conducted in Russian.

RUSS GU4351 Moving to Advanced-Plus: Language, Culture, Society in Russian Today. 3 points.
Prerequisites: eight semesters of college Russian and the instructor’s permission.
The course is designed to provide advanced and highly-motivated undergraduate and graduate students of various majors with an opportunity to develop professional vocabulary and discourse devices that will help them to discuss their professional fields in Russian with fluency and accuracy. The course targets all four language competencies: speaking, listening, reading and writing, as well as cultural understanding. Conducted in Russian.

RUSS GU4434 Practical Stylistics [in Russian]. 3 points.
Prerequisites: RUSS W4334 or the equivalent or the instructor’s permission.
Prerequisite: four years of college Russian or instructor’s permission.
The course will focus on theoretical matters of language and style and on the practical aspect of improving students’ writing skills. Theoretical aspects of Russian style and specific Russian stylistic conventions will be combined with the analysis of student papers and translation assignments, as well as exercises focusing on reviewing certain specific difficulties in mastering written Russian.

RUSS GU4910 LITERARY TRANSLATION. 4.00 points.
Prerequisites: four years of college Russian or the equivalent.
Prerequisites: four years of college Russian or the equivalent. Workshop in literary translation from Russian into English focusing on the practical problems of the craft. Each student submits a translation of a literary text for group study and criticism. The aim is to produce translations of publishable quality.
Russian Literature (In English)

RUSS UN3220 Literature and Empire: The Reign of the Novel in Russia (19th Century) [In English]. 3 points.

Explores the aesthetic and formal developments in Russian prose, especially the rise of the monumental 19th-century novel, as one manifestation of a complex array of national and cultural aspirations, humanistic and imperialist ones alike. Works by Pushkin, Lermontov, Gogol, Turgenev, Tolstoy, Dostoevsky, and Chekhov. Knowledge of Russian not required.

Fall 2021: RUSS UN3220

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<tr>
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<td>002/00737</td>
<td>T Th 1:10pm - 2:25pm</td>
<td>Erica Drennan</td>
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RUSS UN3221 LIT # REVOLUTION (20TH C LIT). 3.00 points.

The revolutionary period (1905-1938) in Russia was not only one of extreme social upheaval but also of exceptional creativity. Established ideas about individuality and collectivity, about how to depict reality, about language, gender, authority, and violence, were all thrown open to radical questioning. Out of this chaos came ideas about literature and film (just for example) which have shaped Western thought on these subjects to this day. In this course we will study a variety of media and genres (poetry, manifestos, film, painting, photomontage, the novel, theoretical essays) in an effort to gain a deep understanding of this complex and fascinating period in Russian cultural history

RUSS UN3222 Tolstoy and Dostoevsky [In English]. 3 points.

Two epic novels, Tolstoy’s War and Peace and Dostoevsky’s The Brothers Karamazov, will be read along with selected shorter works. Other works by Tolstoy include his early Sebastopol Sketches, which changed the way war is represented in literature; Confession, which describes his spiritual crisis; the late stories “Kreutzer Sonata” and “Hadji Murad”; and essays on capital punishment and a visit to a slaughterhouse. Other works by Dostoevsky include his fictionalized account of life in Siberian prison camp, The House of the Dead; Notes from the Underground, his philosophical novella on free will, determinism, and love; “A Gentle Creature,” a short story on the same themes; and selected essays from Diary of a Writer. The focus will be on close reading of the texts. Our aim will be to develop strategies for appreciating the structure and form, the powerful ideas, the engaging storylines, and the human interest in the writings of Tolstoy and Dostoevsky. No knowledge of Russian is required.

Spring 2021: RUSS UN3223

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<tr>
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<td>Liza Knapp</td>
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RUSS UN3223 Magical Mystery Tour: The Legacy of Old Rus’. 3 points.

Winston Churchill famously defined Russia as “a riddle wrapped in a mystery inside an enigma.” This course aims at demystifying Russia by focusing on the core of its “otherness” in the eyes of the West: its religious culture. We will explore an array of texts, practices and pragmatic sites of Russian religious life across such traditional divides as medieval and modern, popular and elite, orthodox and heretical. Icons, liturgical rituals, illuminated manuscripts, magic amulets, religious sects, feasting and fasting, traveling practices from pilgrimages to tourism, political myths and literary mystification, decadent projects of life-creation, and fervent anticipation of the End are all part of the tour that is as illuminating as it is fun. No knowledge of Russian is required.

RUSS GU4006 Russian Religious Thought, Praxis, and Literature. 3 points.

This course examines the interaction of religious thought, praxis, and literature in the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries. As the Russian Empire sought to define its place in the world, many Russian writers and thinkers turned to religious experience as a source of meaning. A varied body of work emerged as they responded to the tradition of Russian Orthodoxy. The goals of this course are to acquaint students with key texts of Russian religious thought and to give students the knowledge and tools required for critical inquiry into the religious dimension of Russian literature and culture.

RUSS GU4013 Late Tolstoy (Beyond Anna Karenina): Thinker, Writer, Activist, Pacifist, Humanitarian, and Mortal. 4 points.

The focus of the course is Tolstoy’s work in the last 35 years of his life. On finishing War and Peace and Anna Karenina, Tolstoy swore off the kind of literature and decided to devote himself to what he believed would be more meaningful work. This work included confessions, letters, tracts, critiques, proclamations, invectives, exposures, meditations, and gospel, and as more fiction, some of which is overly didactic and some which is, like his earlier fiction, more covertly so.

RUSS GU4046 The Trickster in the Modern Russian Literature and Culture. 3 points.

“Trickster” does not simply mean “deceiver” or “rogue” (the definition of trickster according to the Oxford Encyclopedic English Dictionary), but rather “creative idiot”, to use Lewis Hyde’s expression. This hero unites the qualities of characters who at first sight have little in common — the “selfish buffoon” and the “culture hero”; someone whose subversions and transgressions paradoxically amplify the culture-constructing effects of his (and most often it is a “he”) tricks. The trickster is a typical comic protagonist — it is enough to recollect Renard the Fox from the medieval Roman de Renard, Panurge from François Rabelais’ The Life of Gargantua and of Pantagruel, Cervantes’ Sancho Panza, Beaumarchais’s Figaro, Gogol’s Khelestakov, Mark Twain’s Tom Sawyer and Huckleberry Finn, Jaroslav Hašek’s Švejk, Charlie Chaplin’s Tramp, Max Bialystock in Mel Brooks’ Producers, Bart Simpson and Borat (Sacha Baron Cohen), as well as Jon Stewart and Stephen Colbert along with many other comical characters of the same genre — to confirm this self-evident thesis.

Spring 2021: RUSS GU4046

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<td>001/0137</td>
<td>T Th 11:40am - 12:55pm</td>
<td>Mark Leiderman</td>
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RUSS GU4107 RUSS LIT/CULTR-NEW MILLENNIUM. 3.00 points.

This course examines most representative works of Russian literature and culture since the 1990s and until the present moment. While discussing recent novels, short stories, dramas, poems, and films, we will address the issues of politics, re-assessment of history, gender, family, national identity, violence and terrorism. No knowledge of Russian is expected.

Fall 2021: RUSS GU4107

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<td>001/0180</td>
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<td>Mark Leiderman</td>
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RUSS GU4453 Women and Resistance in Russia. 3 points.
Cultural and political history of women and resistance in Russia, from the Putin era to medieval saints. Explores forms and specificity of female resistance in Russia across history. Addresses questions of historical narrative in light of missing sources. Material includes: prose by Svetlana Alexievich, Lydia Chukovskaya, Lidia Ginzburg, Alexandra Kollontai, Masha Gessen, Anna Politkovskaia, and Pussy Riot’s Nadezhda Tolokonnikova; poetry by Anna Akhmatova, Marina Tsvetaeva and Sophia Parnok; films by Kira Muratova; visual art by Natalia Goncharova and fellow “amazons” of the Russia Avant Garde, together with memoirs, saint’s lives, letters, diaries, and urban legend. Final project: curating a museum exhibit.

Prerequisites: Open to undergraduate and graduate students. No Russian required for the undergraduate students. Graduate students are expected to do the readings in Russian.

Russian Literature

RUSS UN3322 Vvedenie v russkuiu literaturu: Scary Stories. 3 points.
For non-native speakers of Russian.

Prerequisites: two years of college Russian or the instructor’s permission.
The course is devoted to the reading, analysis, and discussion of a number of Russian prose fiction works from the eighteenth to twentieth century. Its purpose is to give students an opportunity to apply their language skills to literature. It will teach students to read Russian literary texts as well as to talk and write about them. Its goal is, thus, twofold: to improve the students’ linguistic skills and to introduce them to Russian literature and literary history. A close study in the original of the “scary stories” in Russian literature from the late eighteenth century. Conducted in Russian.

RUSS UN3333 Vvedenie v russkuiu literaturu: Poor Liza, Poor Olga, Poor Me. 3 points.
For non-native speakers of Russian.

Prerequisites: two years of college Russian or the instructor’s permission.
The course is devoted to the reading, analysis, and discussion of a number of Russian prose fiction works from the eighteenth to twentieth century. Its purpose is to give students an opportunity to apply their language skills to literature. It will teach students to read Russian literary texts as well as to talk and write about them. Its goal is, thus, twofold: to improve the students’ linguistic skills and to introduce them to Russian literature and literary history. In 2007-2008: A close study in the original of the “fallen woman” plot in Russian literature from the late eighteenth century. Conducted in Russian.

RUSS GU4332 Chteniia po russkoi literaturu: Gogol. 3 points.
Prerequisites: Three years of college Russian and the instructor’s permission.
The course is devoted to reading shorter works by Nikolai Gogol. The syllabus includes a selection of stories from Evenings at a Farm near Dikanka and Mirgorod, “Nevsky Prospect,” “The Overcoat,” “Nose,” and “Petersburg Tales,” and The Inspector General.

RUSS GU4338 Chteniia po russkoi literature: Voina i mir. 3 points.
The course is devoted to reading and discussing of Tolstoy’s masterpiece. Classes are conducted entirely in Russian.

RUSS GU4344 ADV RUSSIAN THROUGH HISTORY. 3.00 points.
Prerequisites: RUSS UN3101 and RUSS UN3102 Third-Year Russian I and II, or placement test.
Prerequisites: RUSS UN3101 and RUSS UN3102 Third-Year Russian I and II, or placement test. A language course designed to meet the needs of those foreign learners of Russian as well as heritage speakers who want to develop further their reading, speaking, and writing skills and be introduced to the history of Russia.

RUSS GU4345 Chteniia po russkoi kulture: Advanced Russian Through History. 3 points.
Prerequisites: three years of Russian.
This is a language course designed to meet the needs of those foreign learners of Russian as well as heritage speakers who want to further develop their reading, listening, speaking, and writing skills and be introduced to the history of Russia.

Slavic Culture

SLCL UN3001 Slavic Cultures. 3 points.
CC/GS/SEAS: Partial Fulfillment of Global Core Requirement
The history of Slavic peoples - Russians, Czechs, Poles, Serbs, Croats, Ukrainians, Bulgarians - is rife with transformations, some voluntary, some imposed. Against the background of a schematic external history, this course examines how Slavic peoples have responded to and have represented these transformations in various modes: historical writing, hagiography, polemics, drama and fiction, folk poetry, music, visual art, and film. Activity ranges over lecture (for historical background) and discussion (of primary sources).

RUSS 4344

RUSS 4345

RUSS 4338

RUSS GU4453

RUSS UN3322

RUSS UN3333
SLCL UN3100 FOLKLORE PAST # PRESENT. 3.00 points.
For the past two centuries, writers, composers, and artists have found inspiration in the stories, songs, and beliefs of their grandparents, their servants (or their slaves), and their neighbors. This class asks what “folktale” means and what purposes — political as well as artistic — it can serve. Our focus will be traditional, oral Slavic folk genres, but we will also look at contemporary American folklore. Folklore is characterized by repetition and variation; the oral texts we find in books have been extracted from their original context and framed as such. Collecting folklore from fellow students or in the communities around campus will allow you to experience how this happens firsthand. The course will cover a variety of genres of oral folklore — riddles, spells, fairy tales, epics and folksongs. We will also examine the way that Slavic and Eastern European folklore has been re-adapted in “high” art genres such as literature and ballet. By the end of the semester, students will be able to recognize patterns and interpret meanings of traditional folkloric genres, and to acquire the tools and techniques necessary for collecting, documenting and interpreting contemporary folklore. Assignments will also allow students to improve skills of textual analysis and analytic, and creative writing.

HNGR GU4028 Modern Hungarian Prose in Translation: Exposing Naked Reality. 3 points.
This course introduces students to representative examples of an essentially robust, reality-bound, socially aware literature. In modern Hungarian prose fiction, the tradition of nineteenth-century “anecdotal realism” remained strong and was further enlivened by various forms of naturalism. Even turn-of-the century and early twentieth-century modernist fiction is characterized by strong narrative focus, psychological realism, and an emphasis on social conditions and local color. During the tumultuous decades of the century, social, political, national issues preoccupied even aesthetics-conscious experimenters and ivory-tower dwellers. Among the topics discussed will be “populist” and “urban” literature in the interwar years, post-1945 reality in fiction, literary memoirs and reportage, as well as late-century minimalist and postmodern trends.

HNGR GU4050 The Hungarian New Wave: Cinema in Kadarist Hungary [In English]. 3 points.
Not offered during 2021-22 academic year.

Hungarian cinema, like film-making in Czechoslovakia, underwent a renaissance in the 1960’s, but the Hungarian new wave continued to flourish in the 70’s and film remained one of the most important art forms well into the 80’s. This course examines the cultural, social and political context of representative Hungarian films of the Kadarist period, with special emphasis on the work of such internationally known filmmakers as Miklos Jancso, Karoly Makk, Marta Meszaros, and Istvan Szabo. In addition to a close analysis of individual films, discussion topics will include the “newness”of the new wave in both form and content (innovations in film language, cinematic impressionism, allegorical-parabolic forms, auteurism, etc.), the influence of Italian, French, German and American cinema, the relationship between film and literature, the role of film in the cultures of Communist Eastern Europe, the state of contemporary Hungarian cinema. The viewing of the films will be augmented by readings on Hungarian cinema, as well as of relevant Hungarian literary works.

Slavic Literatures

SLLT GU4000 EURASIAN EXILES & LIT IN N.Y. 3 points.
Eurasian Exiles and Literature in New York examines Eurasian exile literature in the United States and especially New York over the course of four emigration waves: so-called Second Wave writers who fled the Russian Revolution (Vladimir Nabokov), the Third Wave exiles, who came after World War II (Joseph Brodsky and Sergei Dovlatov), the exile literature of the last Soviet generation who came as refugees in the late 1970s and early 1980s (Gary Shteyngart, Irina Reyn), and the perestroika and post-Soviet diaspora, who came to New York after 1991. All four waves drew upon rich cultural heritage and influences that they encountered abroad to create innovative work: new topoi and urban fiction as well as unique images of New York. All four have complicated and fascinating engagements with American society and the cultures of New York City, and also with the Russian and Eurasian’ émigré communities, vibrant worlds unto themselves. The initial waves drew mainly on East European themes and were still attached to Russia while the latter were increasingly concerned with non-Russian nationalities like Bukharan Jews, Georgians, and Tajiks. The course looks closely and critically at the meanings of “exile” and “Eurasia,” as well as the poetics of exilic and urban writing; it asks whether we can still speak of exiles and exile fiction in the post-Soviet age of globalization, social media, and unprecedented migration.

Ukrainian Language and Literature

UKRN UN1101 Elementary Ukrainian I. 3 points.
Designed for students with little or no knowledge of Ukrainian. Basic grammar structures are introduced and reinforced, with equal emphasis on developing oral and written communication skills. Specific attention to acquisition of high-frequency vocabulary and its optimal use in real-life settings.

UKRN UN1102 Elementary Ukrainian II. 3 points.
Designed for students with little or no knowledge of Ukrainian. Basic grammar structures are introduced and reinforced, with equal emphasis on developing oral and written communication skills. Specific attention to acquisition of high-frequency vocabulary and its optimal use in real-life settings.

SLCL UN1101 001/10149 M W Th 11:40am - 12:55pm Yuri Shevchuk 3 2/12
SLCL UN1102 001/10133 M W Th 11:40am - 12:55pm Yuri Shevchuk 3 5/12
UKRN UN2101 Intermediate Ukrainian I. 3 points.
Prerequisites: UKRN UN1102 or the equivalent.
Reviews and reinforces the fundamentals of grammar and a core vocabulary from daily life. Principal emphasis is placed on further development of communicative skills (oral and written). Verbal aspect and verbs of motion receive special attention.

Fall 2021: UKRN UN2101
Course Number Times/Location Instructor Points Enrollment
UKRN 2101 001/10157 M W Th 10:10am - 11:25am 406 Hamilton Hall

UKRN UN2102 Intermediate Ukrainian II. 3 points.
Prerequisites: UKRN UN1102 or the equivalent.
Reviews and reinforces the fundamentals of grammar and a core vocabulary from daily life. Principal emphasis is placed on further development of communicative skills (oral and written). Verbal aspect and verbs of motion receive special attention.

Spring 2021: UKRN UN2102
Course Number Times/Location Instructor Points Enrollment
UKRN 2102 001/10134 M W Th 10:10am - 11:25am 3 3/12

UKRN GU4001 Advanced Ukrainian I. 3 points.
Prerequisites: UKRN UN2102 or the equivalent.
The course is for students who wish to develop their mastery of Ukrainian. Further study of grammar includes patterns of word formation, participles, gerunds, declension of numerals, and a more in-depth study of difficult subjects, such as verbal aspect and verbs of motion. The material is drawn from classical and contemporary Ukrainian literature, press, electronic media, and film. Taught almost exclusively in Ukrainian.

UKRN GU4002 Advanced Ukrainian II. 3 points.
Prerequisites: UKRN UN2102 or the equivalent.
The course is for students who wish to develop their mastery of Ukrainian. Further study of grammar includes patterns of word formation, participles, gerunds, declension of numerals, and a more in-depth study of difficult subjects, such as verbal aspect and verbs of motion. The material is drawn from classical and contemporary Ukrainian literature, press, electronic media, and film. Taught almost exclusively in Ukrainian.

UKRN GU4006 Advanced Ukrainian Through Literature, Media, and Politics. 3 points.
This course is organized around a number of thematic centers or modules. Each is focused on stylistic peculiarities typical of a given functional style of the Ukrainian language. Each is designed to assist the student in acquiring an active command of lexical, grammatical, discourse, and stylistic traits that distinguish one style from the others and actively using them in real-life communicative settings in contemporary Ukraine. The styles include literary fiction, scholarly prose, and journalism, both printed and broadcast.

Fall 2021: UKRN GU4006
Course Number Times/Location Instructor Points Enrollment
UKRN 4006 001/10166 M W 2:40pm - 3:55pm 406 Hamilton Hall

UKRN GU4007 Advanced Ukrainian Through Literature, Media and Politics II. 3 points.
This course is organized around a number of thematic centers or modules. Each is focused on stylistic peculiarities typical of a given functional style of the Ukrainian language. Each is designed to assist the student in acquiring an active command of lexical, grammatical, discourse, and stylistic traits that distinguish one style from the others and actively using them in real-life communicative settings in contemporary Ukraine. The styles include literary fiction, scholarly prose, and journalism, both printed and broadcast.

Spring 2021: UKRN GU4007
Course Number Times/Location Instructor Points Enrollment
UKRN 4007 001/10135 M W 2:40pm - 3:55pm 3 2/12

UKRN GU4033 FIN DE SIECLE UKRAINIAN LIT. 3.00 points.
The course focuses on the emergence of modernism in Ukrainian literature in the late 19th century and early 20th century, a period marked by a vigorous, often biting, polemic between the populist Ukrainian literary establishment and young Ukrainian writers who were inspired by their European counterparts. Students will read prose, poetry, and drama written by Ivan Franko, the writers of the Moloda Muza, Olha Kobyliańska, Lesia Ukrainka, and Volodymyr Vynnychenko among others. The course will trace the introduction of feminism, urban motifs and settings, as well as decadence, into Ukrainian literature and will analyze the conflict that ensued among Ukrainian intellectuals as they shaped the identity of the Ukrainian people. The course will be supplemented by audio and visual materials reflecting this period in Ukrainian culture. Entirely in English with a parallel reading list for those who read Ukrainian.

UKRN GU4037 The Aura of Soviet Ukrainian Modernism. 3 points.
This course studies the renaissance in Ukrainian culture of the 1920s - a period of revolution, experimentation, vibrant expression and polemics. Focusing on the most important developments in literature, as well as on the intellectual debates they inspired, the course will also examine the major achievements in Ukrainian theater, visual art and film as integral components of the cultural spirit that defined the era. Additionally, the course also looks at the subsequent implementation of the socialist realism and its impact on Ukrainian culture and on the cultural leaders of the renaissance. The course treats one of the most important periods of Ukrainian culture and examines it lasting impact on today's Ukraine. This period produced several world-renowned cultural figures, whose connections with the 1920s Ukraine have only recently begun to be discussed. The course will be complemented by film screenings, presentations of visual art and rare publications from this period. Entirely in English with a parallel reading list for those who read Ukrainian.
UKRN GU4054 Creating Identity in Contemporary Ukrainian Culture. 3 points.
This course presents and examines post-Soviet Ukrainian literature. Students will learn about the significant achievements, names, events, scandals and polemics in contemporary Ukrainian literature and will see how they have contributed to Ukraine's post-Soviet identity. Students will examine how Ukrainian literature became an important site for experimentation with language, for providing feminist perspectives, for engaging previously-banned taboos and for deconstructing Soviet and Ukrainian national myths. Among the writers to be focused on in the course are Serhiy Zhadan, Yuri Andrukhovych, Oksana Zabuzhko and Taras Prokhasko. Centered on the most important successes in literature, the course will also explore key developments in music and visual art of this period. Special focus will be given to how the 2013/2014 Euromaidan revolution and war are treated in today's literature. By also studying Ukrainian literature with regards to its relationship with Ukraine's changing political life, students will obtain a good understanding of the dynamics of today's Ukraine and the development of Ukrainians as a nation in the 21st century. The course will be complemented by audio and video presentations. Entirely in English with a parallel reading list for those who read Ukrainian.